



Reply

Resposta

Leonardo Furtado Freitas^{1,2} Eduardo Carvalho Miranda³ Thelma Ribeiro Noce^{4,5} Aline Pimentel Amaro³ Márcio Luís Duarte⁶

¹ McGill University, Department of Radiology, Division of Neuroradiology, Montreal QC, Canada.

²Neurodigital, São Paulo SP, Brazil.

Arq. Neuro-Psiquiatr. 2024;82(4):s00441786025.

Address for correspondence Leonardo Furtado Freitas (email: drleonardofurtado@gmail.com)

Dear Editor,

Initially, we would like to thank Josef Finsterer and Fulvio Scorza for their comments and for the opportunity to discuss this case report. There is a typing error, and the correct name of the gene in question is SLC19A3, whose inheritance is indeed autosomal recessive.

Genetic exome analysis showed 2 different mutations in the SLC19A3 gene. A pathogenic variant c.597dup p. (His200Serfs*25) and a variant of uncertain significance (VUS) c.488C > T p.(Ser163Phe). These mutations are on different alleles (compound heterozygosity), which would function as homozygosity. This would explain the disease and the variant of uncertain significance should be reclassified as probably pathogenic. So far, therefore, we do not doubt the diagnosis, after a multidisciplinary discussion with a pediatric neurologist and geneticist.

The patient in question did not die, and showed a slight clinical improvement with treatment, despite having sequelae and a very poor prognosis due to the parenchymal changes in the brain, even with high-dose treatment. He is currently taking 500 mg of thiamine and 80 mg of biotin in the morning and 300 mg of thiamine and 40 mg of biotin in the evening.

The parents' genetic tests have been requested but are not yet available at the time of this letter.

We would like to thank you again for the comments and the possibility of corrections and clarifications.

Conflict of Interest

There is no conflict of interest to declare.

References

1 Finsterer J, Scorza FA. The pathogenicity of variant c.597dup in SLC19A3 and treatability of its phenotype remain unconfirmed. Arq Neuropsiquiatr 2024;82(04):s00441786024. Doi: 10.1055/s-0044-1786024

received March 8, 2024 accepted March 13, 2024 **DOI** https://doi.org/ 10.1055/s-0044-1786025. **ISSN** 0004-282X. © 2024. The Author(s).

This is an open access article published by Thieme under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, permitting copying and reproduction so long as the original work is given appropriate credit (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/).

Thieme Revinter Publicações Ltda., Rua do Matoso 170, Rio de Janeiro, RJ, CEP 20270-135, Brazil

³ Rede MaterDei de Saúde, Departamento de Neurorradiologia, Belo Horizonte MG, Brazil.

⁴Rede MaterDei de Saúde, Departamento de Neurologia Infantil, Belo Horizonte MG, Brazil.

⁵Hospital Felício Rocho, Belo Horizonte MG, Brazil.

⁶Universidade de Ribeirão Preto, Guarujá SP, Brazil.