



## SCIENTIFIC NOTE

### First Record of the Fruit Fly Parasitoid *Doryctobracon crawfordi* (Viereck) (Hymenoptera: Braconidae) in Brazil

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#### Keywords

Amapá, *Anastrepha atrigona*, *Anastrepha serpentina*, host plant, Opiinae, Roraima

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#### Abstract

*Doryctobracon crawfordi* (Viereck) was recorded in the states of Amapá and Roraima, Brazil. This is also the first time that this parasitoid is associated with *Anastrepha atrigona* Hendel from *Geissospermum argenteum*.

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Only three out of nine species of *Doryctobracon* which parasitize fruit flies have been recorded in Brazil, namely *D. areolatus* (Szépligeti), *D. brasiliensis* (Szépligeti) and *D. fluminensis* (Lima) (Canal & Zucchi 2000). However, from fruit fly surveys carried out in the Brazilian states of Amapá and Roraima, a fourth representative of the genus, *Doryctobracon crawfordi* (Viereck), was collected. This species was identified using the taxonomic keys to species of *Doryctobracon* by Wharton (n.d.).

*Doryctobracon crawfordi* differs from *D. areolatus* by having a non-areolated propodeum, and from *D. brasiliensis* by having the stigma of the forewing dark. Furthermore, it may be confused with *D. trinidadensis* (Gahan), which has also a black head and a mesosoma that is usually orange or reddish-orange, but this species is known only from Trinidad (Wharton & Marsh 1978, Wharton, n.d.).

*Doryctobracon crawfordi*, together with *D. areolatus*, is one of the two most commonly surveyed parasitoids of fruit-infesting flies in the Neotropical region (Wharton n.d.). It has been reared from seven *Anastrepha* species

from eight host plants (Ovruski *et al* 2000) and is widely distributed, ranging from the central part of Mexico to Argentina (the southernmost record) (Ovruski *et al* 2005). However, despite of numerous surveys on parasitoids of tephritids carried out in most of the Brazilian states since 1995, and recently in the states of the Brazilian Amazon (Marinho *et al* 2011), our data revealed that *D. crawfordi* is limited to the northern parts of the country as no specimens of this parasitoid have been collected in any other region.

Material studied. Brazil. State of Amapá: Laranjal do Jari (00°47'26,4"S 52°27'2,6"W), from *Anastrepha atrigona* Hendel on quina (*Geissospermum argenteum*, Apocynaceae), one male, iv.2006. State of Roraima: Pacaraima (04°29'19.2"N 61°07'51.8"W), from *Anastrepha serpentina* (Wied.) on abiu (*Pouteria caimito*, Sapotaceae), nine males and four females, ix.2008. Amajari (03°45'20.5"N 61°42'59.2"W), from larvae of *Anastrepha* on abiu, araçá (*Psidium guineense*, Myrtaceae) and from one species of Melastomataceae, 13 males and 11 females, iv.2009. Voucher specimens are deposited

at the collection of the Departamento de Entomologia e Acarologia, Escola Superior de Agricultura "Luiz de Queiroz" (ESALQ), Universidade de São Paulo, Piracicaba, SP, and at the insect collection of the Embrapa Amapá, Macapá, AP, Brazil.

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