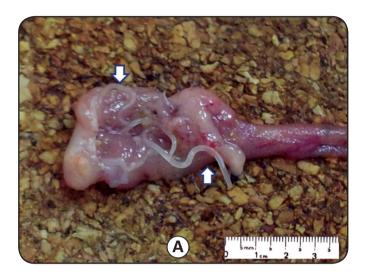


Experimental infection of mice with Anisakis simplex

Israel Figueiredo Junior^[1], Gerlinde Teixeira^[2] and Mauricio Afonso Vericimo^[2]

[1]. Departamento Materno-Infantil, Faculdade de Medicina, Universidade Federal Fluminense, Niterói, RJ. [2]. Departamento de Imunobiologia, Instituto de Biologia, Universidade Federal Fluminense, Niterói, RJ.



A photograph of third-stage (L3) *Anisakis simplex* larvae in the gastric cavity of BALB/c mice is provided here. *Anisakis* nematodes (Figure A; arrows) are white and cylindrical and measure approximately 2 to 3 centimeters in length. Human anisakiasis, an emerging disease often triggered by eating fish infected with *Anisakis* sp., is not widely studied in Latin America. Mouse models have been developed to emulate the human immune response to *Anisakis* infestation. These models, however, involve infection via the intraperitoneal route, rather than the oral route, which is the natural pathway of nematode entry in humans. It is believed that the establishment of an intestinal model of infection should involve the introduction of live larvae through the orogastric route. Our team has developed

a simple, reproducible model of infection that allows for the introduction of viable larvae into mice via this route (video: http://www.uff.br/anisakis/ansakis%205 0002.wmv).

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Address to: Dr. Israel Figueiredo Junior. Depto Materno-Infantil/FM/HUAP/UFF. Av. Marques do Paraná 303, Centro, 24030-210 Niterói, RJ, Brasil.

Phone: 55 21 2620-1323; 55 21 8212-3045

e-mail: ifigueiredo@id.uff.br Received 03 November 2012 Accepted 19 February 2013